

**COOKING ASSEMBLY WITH A RETAINING CLIP FOR COUPLING FIRST AND
SECOND TUBES THEREOF**

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

5 The invention relates to a cooking assembly, more particularly to a cooking assembly with a retaining clip for coupling first and second tubes thereof.

2. Description of the Related Art

10 Referring to Figures 1 to 3, a conventional cooking assembly is shown to include a cooking device 10 formed with a first tube 11 projecting outwardly therefrom, a second tube 15 adapted to be connected to a gas supply (not shown), and a resilient clip 14.

15 As illustrated, the first tube 11 defines a gas passage 110 and an inlet hole 12 for access into the gas passage 110, and is formed with an annular first groove 13. The annular first groove 13 of the first tube 11 is defined by a groove-confining wall 13W that has two annular side portions 131 projecting radially and inwardly from an outer surface of the first tube
20 11 and an annular base portion 132 that interconnects the side portions 131 and that is formed with an opening 133 in spatial communication with the gas passage 110. The second tube 15 has a gas-discharging end 150, and
25 is formed with an annular second groove 151 adjacent to the discharging end 150. The second tube 15 extends co-axially into the first tube 11 in such a manner that

the second groove 151 in the second tube 15 is aligned with the first groove 13 in the first tube 11.

The resilient clip 14 is mounted on the first tube 11, extends transversely relative to the first and second tubes 11,15, and has a curved portion 142 engaging the first groove 13 in the first tube 11, and a straight portion 141 that extends through the second groove 151 in the second tube 15 and that engages releasably an upper portion of the second groove 151 in the second tube 15, thereby preventing removal of the second tube 15 from the first tube 11.

One disadvantage resulting from the use of the conventional cooking assembly resides in that it is relatively difficult to insert the second tube 15 into or withdraw from the first tube 11 due to the resilient clip 14.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The object of this invention is to provide a cooking assembly with a retaining clip for coupling first and second tubes so as to eliminate the occurrence of the aforesaid disadvantages of the conventional cooking assembly.

Accordingly, a cooking assembly of the present invention includes: a cooking device formed with a first tube; a gas supply formed with a second tube; a coupling unit including first and second coupling members, the first coupling member being formed with

a pair of diametrically disposed openings and being formed on one of the first and second tubes, the second coupling member being formed with a retention groove and being formed on the other of the first and second tubes, the other of the first and second tubes extending co-axially into said one of the first and second tubes in such a manner that the retention groove in the other of the first and second tubes is aligned with the openings in said one of the first and second tubes; and a retaining clip extending in a first transverse direction relative to the first and second tubes, and including a U-shaped segment disposed at one side of said one of the first and second tubes, two clamping segments extending respectively from two opposite ends of the U-shaped segment in the first transverse direction through the openings in said one of the first and second tubes and the retention groove in the other of the first and second tubes in such a manner that the clamping segments engage releasably the retention groove so as to prevent removal of the other of the first and second tubes from said one of the first and second tubes, and two operating segments disposed at an opposite side of said one of the first and second tubes opposite to said one side of the first and second tubes, extending respectively from the clamping segments, crossing each other, and being resiliently movable toward each other in a second

transverse direction relative to the first transverse direction and the first and second tubes upon application of an external force thereto so as to move the clamping segments away from each other to disengage from the retention groove in the other of the first and second tubes, thereby permitting removal of the other of the first and second tubes from said one of the first and second tubes.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Other features and advantages of this invention will become more apparent in the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments of this invention, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a fragmentary perspective view of a conventional cooking assembly;

Figure 2(A) is a fragmentary sectional view illustrating how first and second tubes are coupled together by means of a resilient clip of the conventional cooking assembly;

Figure 2(B) is a fragmentary sectional view taken along lines II(A)-II(A) in Figure 2(A), illustrating how the first and second tubes are coupled together by means of the resilient clip of the conventional cooking assembly;

Figure 3 is an enlarged perspective view of the first and second tubes and the resilient clip of the

conventional cooking assembly;

Figure 4 is a schematic front view of the first preferred embodiment of a cooking assembly according to the present invention;

5 Figure 5 is a fragmentary perspective view of the first preferred embodiment, wherein a second tube is removed therefrom to illustrate how a retaining clip is mounted on a first tube;

10 Figure 6 is a fragmentary, sectional view illustrating how the first and second tubes are coupled together by means of the retaining clip of the first preferred embodiment;

15 Figure 7 is a fragmentary sectional view taken along lines VII-VII in Figure 6, illustrating how the first and second tubes are coupled together by means of the retaining clip of the first preferred embodiment;

20 Figure 8 is a view similar to Figure 7, illustrating how the retaining clip of the first preferred embodiment is operated to disengage the first and second tubes, thereby permitting removal of one from the other;

25 Figure 9 is a fragmentary sectional view of the second preferred embodiment of the cooking assembly according to the present invention, illustrating how the first and second tubes are coupled together by means of the retaining clip; and

Figure 10 is a fragmentary sectional view of the

third preferred embodiment of the cooking assembly according to the present invention, illustrating how the first and second tubes are coupled together by means of the retaining clip.

5 **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS**

Before the present invention is described in greater detail with reference to the following preferred embodiments, it should be noted that same reference numerals have been used to denote similar
10 elements throughout the specification.

Referring to Figures 4 to 7, the first preferred embodiment of a cooking assembly according to this invention is shown to include a cooking device 3 formed with a first tube 34, a gas supply 4 having a second
15 tube 6, a coupling unit, and a retaining clip 5.

As illustrated, the cooking device 3 may include a gas stove for cooking, grilling or baking edible food. The coupling unit includes a first coupling member 341 that is in the form of a tubular pipe; that is formed
20 with a pair of diametrically disposed openings 343 and that is integrally formed with and that extends axially from one of the first and second tubes 34, and a second coupling member 62 that is in the form of a tubular pipe, that is formed with a retention groove 61 and
25 that is integrally formed with and that extends axially from the other of the first and second tubes 6. The other of the first and second tubes 6 extends co-

axially into said one of the first and second tubes 34 (see Fig. 6) in such a manner that the retention groove 61 in the other of the first and second tubes 6 is aligned with the openings 343 in said one of the first and second tubes 34.

The retaining clip 5 extends in a first transverse direction relative to the first and second tubes 34, 6, and includes a U-shaped segment 51, two clamping segments 52, and two operating segments 54. The U-shaped segment 51 of the retaining clip 5 is disposed at one side of said one of the first and second tubes 34 (see Fig. 7). The clamping segments 52 extend respectively from two opposite ends of the U-shaped segment 51 in the first transverse direction through the openings 343 in said one of the first and second tubes 34 and the retention groove 61 in the other of the first and second tubes 6 in such a manner that the clamping segments 52 engage releasably the retention groove 61 so as to prevent removal of the other of the first and second tubes 6 from said one of the first and second tubes 34. The two operating segments 54 of the retaining clip 5 are disposed at an opposite side of said one of the first and second tubes 34 opposite to said one side of said one of the first and second tubes 34, extend respectively from the clamping segments 52, cross each other, and are resiliently movable toward each other in a second transverse direction relative

to the first transverse direction and the first and second tubes 34, 6 upon application of an external force thereto so as to move the clamping segments 52 away from each other to disengage from the retention groove 61 in the other of said first and second tubes 6 (see Figure 8), thereby permitting removal of the other of the first and second tubes 6 from said one of the first and second tubes 34.

In the first preferred embodiment, the gas supply 4 is a gas can 42. The second tube 6 is connected to the gas can 42 through a flow-controlled valve 41. The retention groove 61 in the second coupling member 62 is an annular groove which has a rectangular cross-section. Alternatively, a pair of diametrically disposed retention grooves can be formed in the second coupling member 62 instead of the retention groove 61 so long as it can receive the clamping segments 52 of the retaining clip 5 so as to prevent removal of the second tube 6 from the first tube 34. The coupling member 62 has a rounded end (see Fig. 6) so as to facilitate insertion thereof through the clamping segments 52 of the retaining clip 5. The cooking device 3 preferably includes a casing 31 and an inverted U-shaped cover 37. The casing 31 includes a lower casing half 312 that defines a lower space 315 (see Fig. 5) to receive the gas stove 32 therein, and an upper casing half 311 that is connected pivotally

to the lower casing half 312 for detachably covering the gas stove 32. A rack 36 is disposed above the gas stove 32 in such a manner that food can be placed on the rack 36 for cooking or grilling. The first tube 34 preferably defines a gas passage 342, is mounted on a front side 314 of the lower casing half 312, is connected to the gas stove 32, and projects outwardly from the lower casing half 312. The inverted U-shaped cover 37 is fixed to the front side 314 of the lower casing half 312, and includes an upper curved section 376 that is disposed above the first tube 34, and left and right side sections 377, 378 (see Figure 7) that extend respectively and downwardly from two opposite ends of the upper curved section 376 and that are respectively disposed at the sides of the first tube 34. The right side section 378 of the cover 37 is disposed distal from the U-shaped segment 51 of the retaining clip 5, and is formed with an elongated guiding slot 372 that permits extension of the clamping segments 52 therethrough. The left side section 377 of the cover 37 is disposed adjacent to the U-shaped segment 51 of the retaining clip 5, and is formed with a limiting hole 371 that permits extension of the clamping segments 52 therethrough.

The U-shaped segment 51 of the retaining clip 5 has a concave inner face 511 defining a recess 511" (see Figure 7). The cooking device 3 further includes a

positioning rod 35 that is formed on the lower casing half 312, that is parallel to the first gas tube 34, and that extends through the recess 511 defined by the U-shaped segment 51 of the retaining clip 5 in such a manner as to abut against the inner face 511 of the U-shaped segment 51 of the retaining clip 5 so as to enhance retention of the retaining clip 5 on the first tube 34.

Each of the operating segments 54 of the retaining clip 5 has a straight section 53 extending transversely from the respective clamping segment 52, and a C-shaped portion 541 that extends outwardly from the straight section 53 to facilitate holding thereof. The straight sections 53 cross each other. The C-shaped portions 541 of the operating segments 54 are parallel to the clamping segments 52 and are aligned with each other in the second transverse direction.

Referring to Figure 9, the second preferred embodiment of a cooking assembly according to the present invention is shown to have a construction similar to that of the previous embodiment. The main difference resides in that the inverted U-shaped cover 37 is not provided on the lower casing half 312.

Referring to Figure 10, the third preferred embodiment of a cooking assembly according to the present invention is shown to have a construction similar to that of the first preferred embodiment. The

main difference resides in that the positioning rod
35 (see Fig. 5) is not provided on the lower casing
half 312 and that the left side section 377 of the
cover 37 is formed with a pair of spaced-apart limiting
5 holes 371 that respectively permit extension of the
clamping segments 52 therethrough so as to prevent
untimely removal of the retaining clip 5 from the cover
37.

10 With this invention thus explained, it is apparent
that numerous modifications and variations can be made
without departing from the scope and spirit of this
invention. It is therefore intended that this
invention be limited only as indicated in the appended
claims.